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HGTD7N60A4S, HGT1S7N60A4S, HGTG7N60A4, HGTP7N60A4

Data Sheet

June 2000 File Number 4826.2

600V, SMPS Series N-Channel IGBT

The HGTD7N60A4S, HGT1S7N60A4S, HGTG7N60A4 and HGTP7N60A4 are MOS gated high voltage switching devices combining the best features of MOSFETs and bipolar transistors. These devices have the high input impedance of a MOSFET and the low on-state conduction loss of a bipolar transistor. The much lower on-state voltage drop varies only moderately between 25°C and 150°C.

This IGBT is ideal for many high voltage switching applications operating at high frequencies where low conduction losses are essential. This device has been optimized for high frequency switch mode power supplies.

Formerly Developmental Type TA49331.

Ordering Information

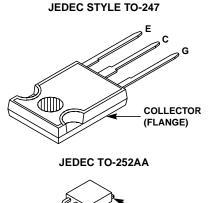
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
HGTD7N60A4S	TO-252AA	7N60A4
HGT1S7N60A4S	TO-263AB	7N60A4
HGTG7N60A4	TO-247	7N60A4
HGTP7N60A4	TO-220AB	7N60A4

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. Add the suffix 9A to obtain the TO-252AA and TO-263AB variant in tape and reel, e.g., HGTD7N60A4S9A.

Packaging

4,803,533

4,888,627





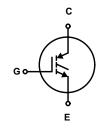
4,809,047

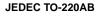
4,901,127

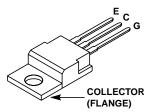
Features

- >100kHz Operation at 390V, 7A
- 200kHz Operation at 390V, 5A
- 600V Switching SOA Capability
- Low Conduction Loss
- *Temperature Compensating* SABER™ Model www.intersil.com

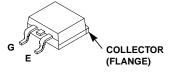
Symbol







JEDEC TO-263AB



4,860,080

4,969,027

4,883,767

INTER	RSIL CORPORAT	ION IGBT PRODU	JCT IS COVERED	BY ONE OR MO	RE OF THE FOLL	OWING U.S. PAT	ENTS
4,364,073	4,417,385	4,430,792	4,443,931	4,466,176	4,516,143	4,532,534	4,587,713
4,598,461	4,605,948	4,620,211	4,631,564	4,639,754	4,639,762	4,641,162	4,644,637
4,682,195	4,684,413	4,694,313	4,717,679	4,743,952	4,783,690	4,794,432	4,801,986

4,823,176

4,933,740

4,810,665

4,904,609

CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge; for	llow proper ESD Handling Procedures.
	c. 1-888-INTERSIL or 321-724-7143
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4,837,606

4,963,951

4,809,045

4,890,143

Absolute Maximum Ratings T_C = 25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

	ALL TYPES	UNITS
Collector to Emitter Voltage BV _{CES}	600	V
Collector Current Continuous		
At $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$ I_{C25}	34	А
At T _C = 110 ^o C I _{C110}	14	А
Collector Current Pulsed (Note 1)I _{CM}	56	А
Gate to Emitter Voltage ContinuousV _{GES}	±20	V
Gate to Emitter Voltage Pulsed	±30	V
Switching Safe Operating Area at T _J = 150 ^o C, Figure 2	35A at 600V	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy at T _C = 25 ^o C E _{AS}	25mJ at 7A	
Power Dissipation Total at $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ P_D	125	W
Power Dissipation Derating T _C > 25 ^o C	1.0	W/ ^o C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering		
Leads at 0.063in (1.6mm) from Case for 10sT _L	300	°C
Package Body for 10s, See Tech Brief 334	260	Oo

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTE:

1. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

Electrical Specifications $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST C	ONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	BV _{CES}	I _C = 250μA, V _{GE} =	= 0V	600	-	-	V
Emitter to Collector Breakdown Voltage	BV _{ECS}	I _C = 10mA, V _{GE} =	$I_{C} = 10 \text{mA}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{V}$		-	-	V
Collector to Emitter Leakage Current	ICES	V _{CE} = 600V	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-	-	250	μA
			T _J = 125 ⁰ C	-	-	2	mA
Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(SAT)}			-	1.9	2.7	V
				-	1.6	2.2	V
Gate to Emitter Threshold Voltage	V _{GE(TH)}	I _C = 250μA, V _{CE} =	600V	4.5	5.9	7.0	V
Gate to Emitter Leakage Current	I _{GES}	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$		-	-	±250	nA
Switching SOA	SSOA	$T_J = 150^{\circ}C$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $V_{GE} = 15V$ L = 100µH, $V_{CE} = 600V$		35	-	-	A
Pulsed Avalanche Energy	E _{AS}	I _{CE} = 7A, L = 500μH		25	-	-	mJ
Gate to Emitter Plateau Voltage	V _{GEP}	I _C = 7A, V _{CE} = 30	I _C = 7A, V _{CE} = 300V		9.0	-	V
On-State Gate Charge	Q _{g(ON)}	I _C = 7A,	V _{GE} = 15V	-	37	45	nC
		V _{CE} = 300V	$V_{GE} = 20V$	-	48	60	nC
Current Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)} I	IGBT and Diode a	t T _J = 25 ^o C	-	11	-	ns
Current Rise Time	t _{rl}	□ I _{CE} = 7A □ V _{CE} = 390V		-	11	-	ns
Current Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)} I	$V_{GE} = 15V$		-	100	-	ns
Current Fall Time	t _{fl}	R _G = 25Ω L = 1mH	$R_{G} = 25\Omega$		45	-	ns
Turn-On Energy (Note 2)	E _{ON1}	Test Circuit (Figur	e 20)	-	55	-	μJ
Turn-On Energy (Note 2)	E _{ON2}			-	120	150	μJ
Turn-Off Energy (Note 3)	E _{OFF}			-	60	75	μJ

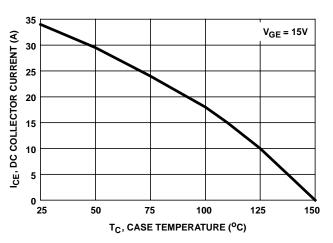
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Current Turn-On Delay Time	^t d(ON)I	IGBT and Diode at $T_J = 125^{\circ}C$	-	10	-	ns
Current Rise Time	t _{rl}	│ I _{CE} = 7A │ V _{CE} = 390V	-	7	-	ns
Current Turn-Off Delay Time	^t d(OFF)I	V _{GE} = 15V	-	130	150	ns
Current Fall Time	t _{fl}	R _G = 25Ω L = 1mH	-	75	85	ns
Turn-On Energy (Note 2)	E _{ON1}	Test Circuit (Figure 20)	-	50	-	μJ
Turn-On Energy (Note 2)	E _{ON2}		-	200	215	μJ
Turn-Off Energy (Note 3)	E _{OFF}	7	-	125	170	μJ
Thermal Resistance Junction To Case	R _{θJC}		-	-	1.0	°C/W

Electrical Specifications T	$\Gamma_{\rm J} = 25^{\rm O}$ C, Unless Otherwise Specified	(Continued)
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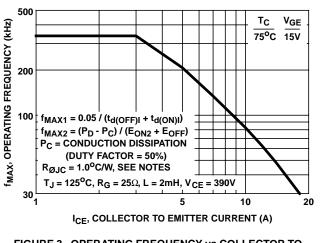
NOTES:

- Values for two Turn-On loss conditions are shown for the convenience of the circuit designer. E_{ON1} is the turn-on loss of the IGBT only. E_{ON2} is the turn-on loss when a typical diode is used in the test circuit and the diode is at the same T_J as the IGBT. The diode type is specified in Figure 20.
- Turn-Off Energy Loss (E_{OFF}) is defined as the integral of the instantaneous power loss starting at the trailing edge of the input pulse and ending at the point where the collector current equals zero (I_{CE} = 0A). All devices were tested per JEDEC Standard No. 24-1 Method for Measurement of Power Device Turn-Off Switching Loss. This test method produces the true total Turn-Off Energy Loss.











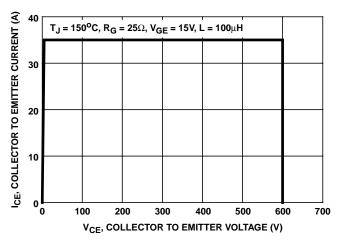
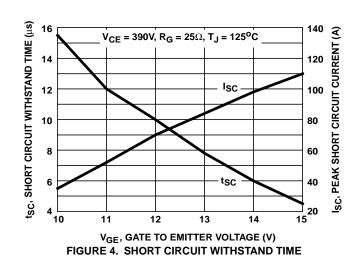


FIGURE 2. MINIMUM SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA



Typical Performance Curves Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

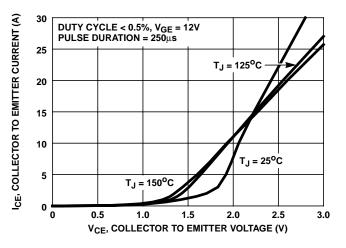


FIGURE 5. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE

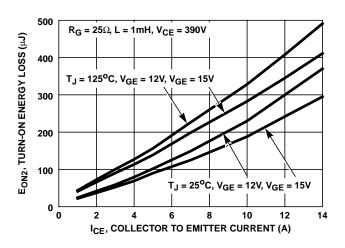
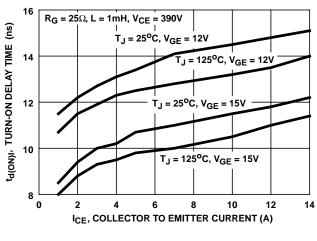


FIGURE 7. TURN-ON ENERGY LOSS vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT





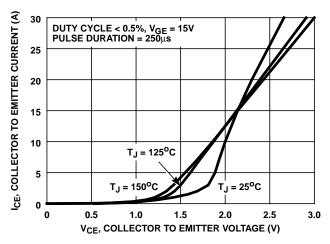


FIGURE 6. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE

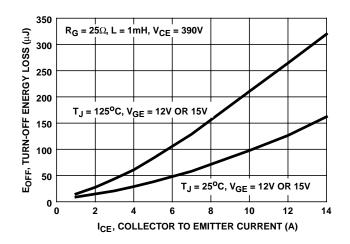
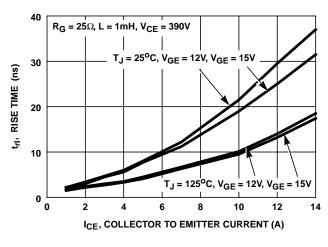
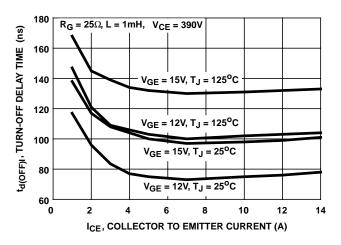


FIGURE 8. TURN-OFF ENERGY LOSS vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT





Typical Performance Curves Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)





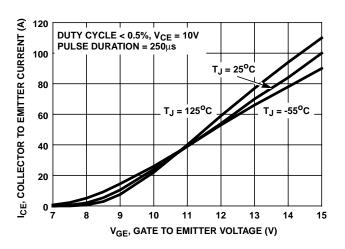
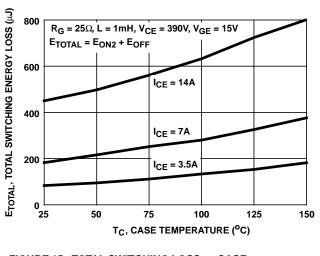
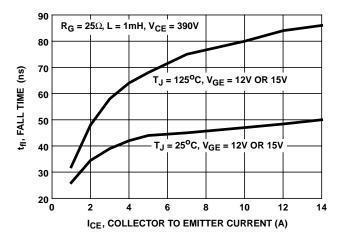
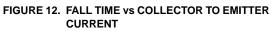


FIGURE 13. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC









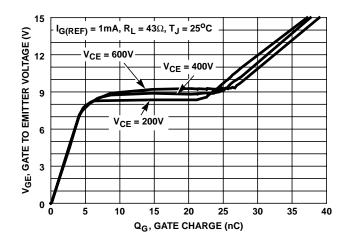


FIGURE 14. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

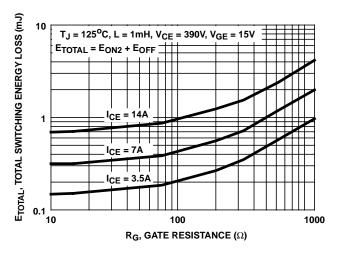
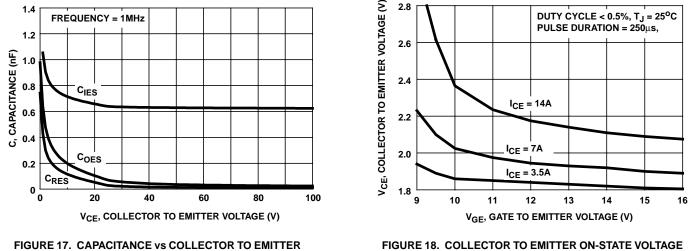


FIGURE 16. TOTAL SWITCHING LOSS vs GATE RESISTANCE

Typical Performance Curves Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)







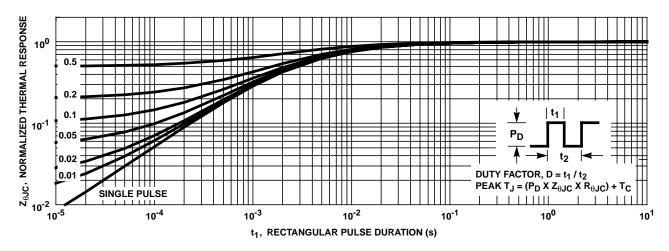


FIGURE 19. IGBT NORMALIZED TRANSIENT THERMAL RESPONSE, JUNCTION TO CASE

Test Circuit and Waveforms

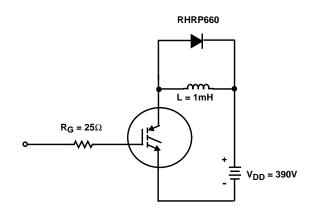


FIGURE 20. INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT

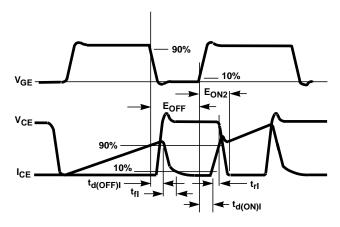


FIGURE 21. SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORMS

Handling Precautions for IGBTs

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors are susceptible to gate-insulation damage by the electrostatic discharge of energy through the devices. When handling these devices, care should be exercised to assure that the static charge built in the handler's body capacitance is not discharged through the device. With proper handling and application procedures, however, IGBTs are currently being extensively used in production by numerous equipment manufacturers in military, industrial and consumer applications, with virtually no damage problems due to electrostatic discharge. IGBTs can be handled safely if the following basic precautions are taken:

- 1. Prior to assembly into a circuit, all leads should be kept shorted together either by the use of metal shorting springs or by the insertion into conductive material such as "ECCOSORBD LD26" or equivalent.
- 2. When devices are removed by hand from their carriers, the hand being used should be grounded by any suitable means for example, with a metallic wristband.
- 3. Tips of soldering irons should be grounded.
- 4. Devices should never be inserted into or removed from circuits with power on.
- Gate Voltage Rating Never exceed the gate-voltage rating of V_{GEM}. Exceeding the rated V_{GE} can result in permanent damage to the oxide layer in the gate region.
- 6. **Gate Termination** The gates of these devices are essentially capacitors. Circuits that leave the gate open-circuited or floating should be avoided. These conditions can result in turn-on of the device due to voltage buildup on the input capacitor due to leakage currents or pickup.
- 7. **Gate Protection** These devices do not have an internal monolithic Zener diode from gate to emitter. If gate protection is required an external Zener is recommended.

Operating Frequency Information

Operating frequency information for a typical device (Figure 3) is presented as a guide for estimating device performance for a specific application. Other typical frequency vs collector current (I_{CE}) plots are possible using the information shown for a typical unit in Figures 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 11. The operating frequency plot (Figure 3) of a typical device shows f_{MAX1} or f_{MAX2} ; whichever is smaller at each point. The information is based on measurements of a typical device and is bounded by the maximum rated junction temperature.

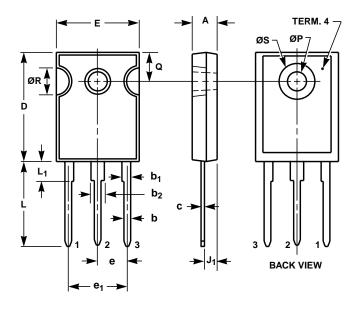
 $f_{MAX1} \ is defined by \ f_{MAX1} = 0.05/(t_{d(OFF)I} + t_{d(ON)I}).$ Deadtime (the denominator) has been arbitrarily held to 10% of the on-state time for a 50% duty factor. Other definitions are possible. $t_{d(OFF)I}$ and $t_{d(ON)I}$ are defined in Figure 21. Device turn-off delay can establish an additional frequency limiting condition for an application other than T_{JM} .

 f_{MAX2} is defined by f_{MAX2} = (P_D - P_C)/(E_{OFF} + E_{ON2}). The allowable dissipation (P_D) is defined by P_D = (T_{JM} - T_C)/R_{\theta JC}. The sum of device switching and conduction losses must not exceed P_D. A 50% duty factor was used (Figure 3) and the conduction losses (P_C) are approximated by P_C = (V_{CE} \times I_{CE})/2.

 E_{ON2} and E_{OFF} are defined in the switching waveforms shown in Figure 21. E_{ON2} is the integral of the instantaneous power loss ($I_{CE} \times V_{CE}$) during turn-on and E_{OFF} is the integral of the instantaneous power loss ($I_{CE} \times V_{CE}$) during turn-off. All tail losses are included in the calculation for E_{OFF} ; i.e., the collector current equals zero ($I_{CE} = 0$).

TO-247

3 LEAD JEDEC STYLE TO-247 PLASTIC PACKAGE



	INC	HES	MILLIN		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
А	0.180	0.190	4.58	4.82	-
b	0.046	0.051	1.17	1.29	2, 3
b ₁	0.060	0.070	1.53	1.77	1, 2
b ₂	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66	1, 2
С	0.020	0.026	0.51	0.66	1, 2, 3
D	0.800	0.820	20.32	20.82	-
E	0.605	0.625	15.37	15.87	-
е	0.219 TYP		5.56	4	
e ₁	0.438	BSC	11.1	4	
J ₁	0.090	0.105	2.29	2.66	5
L	0.620	0.640	15.75	16.25	-
L ₁	0.145	0.155	3.69	3.93	1
ØP	0.138	0.144	3.51	3.65	-
Q	0.210	0.220	5.34	5.58	-
ØR	0.195	0.205	4.96	5.20	-
ØS	0.260	0.270	6.61	6.85	-

NOTES:

1. Lead dimension and finish uncontrolled in L₁.

2. Lead dimension (without solder).

3. Add typically 0.002 inches (0.05mm) for solder coating.

4. Position of lead to be measured 0.250 inches (6.35mm) from bottom of dimension D.

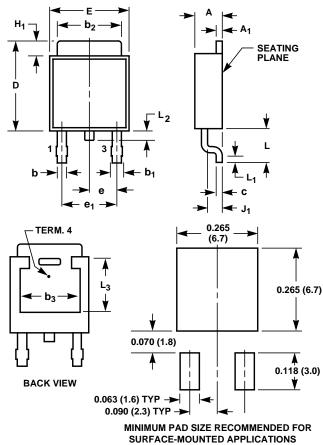
5. Position of lead to be measured 0.100 inches (2.54mm) from bottom of dimension D.

6. Controlling dimension: Inch.

7. Revision 1 dated 1-93.

TO-252AA

SURFACE MOUNT JEDEC TO-252AA PLASTIC PACKAGE



	INC	HES	MILLIN		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
А	0.086	0.094	2.19	2.38	-
A ₁	0.018	0.022	0.46	0.55	4, 5
b	0.028	0.032	0.72	0.81	4, 5
b ₁	0.033	0.045	0.84	1.14	4
b ₂	0.205	0.215	5.21	5.46	4, 5
b ₃	0.190	-	4.83	-	2
С	0.018	0.022	0.46	0.55	4, 5
D	0.270	0.295	6.86	7.49	-
E	0.250	0.265	6.35	6.73	-
е	0.090	0.090 TYP		2.28 TYP	
e ₁	0.180	0.180 BSC		BSC	7
H ₁	0.035	0.045	0.89	1.14	-
J ₁	0.040	0.045	1.02	1.14	-
L	0.100	0.115	2.54	2.92	-
L ₁	0.020	-	0.51	-	4, 6
L ₂	0.025	0.040	0.64	1.01	3
L ₃	0.170	-	4.32	-	2

NOTES:

1. These dimensions are within allowable dimensions of Rev. B of JEDEC TO-252AA outline dated 9-88.

 L₃ and b₃ dimensions establish a minimum mounting surface for terminal 4.

3. Solder finish uncontrolled in this area.

4. Dimension (without solder).

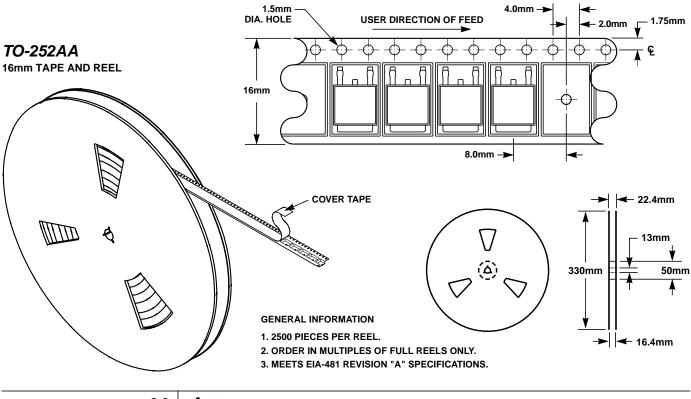
5. Add typically 0.002 inches (0.05mm) for solder plating.

6. L₁ is the terminal length for soldering.

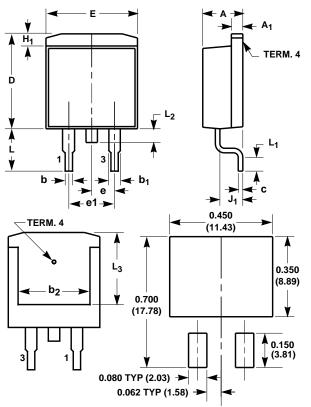
7. Position of lead to be measured 0.090 inches (2.28mm) from bottom of dimension D.

8. Controlling dimension: Inch.

9. Revision 11 dated 1-00.



TO-263AB SURFACE MOUNT JEDEC TO-263AB PLASTIC PACKAGE



MINIMUM PAD SIZE RECOMMENDED FOR SURFACE-MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

	INC	HES	MILLIM		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
A	0.170	0.180	4.32	4.57	-
A ₁	0.048	0.052	1.22	1.32	4, 5
b	0.030	0.034	0.77	0.86	4, 5
b ₁	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39	4, 5
b ₂	0.310	-	7.88	-	2
С	0.018	0.022	0.46	0.55	4, 5
D	0.405	0.425	10.29	10.79	-
E	0.395	0.405	10.04	10.28	-
е	0.100	100 TYP		2.54 TYP	
e ₁	0.200	0.200 BSC		BSC	7
H ₁	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39	-
J ₁	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66	-
L	0.175	0.195	4.45	4.95	-
L ₁	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79	4, 6
L ₂	0.050	0.070	1.27	1.77	3
L ₃	0.315	-	8.01	-	2

NOTES:

1. These dimensions are within allowable dimensions of Rev. C of JEDEC TO-263AB outline dated 2-92.

 L₃ and b₂ dimensions established a minimum mounting surface for terminal 4.

3. Solder finish uncontrolled in this area.

4. Dimension (without solder).

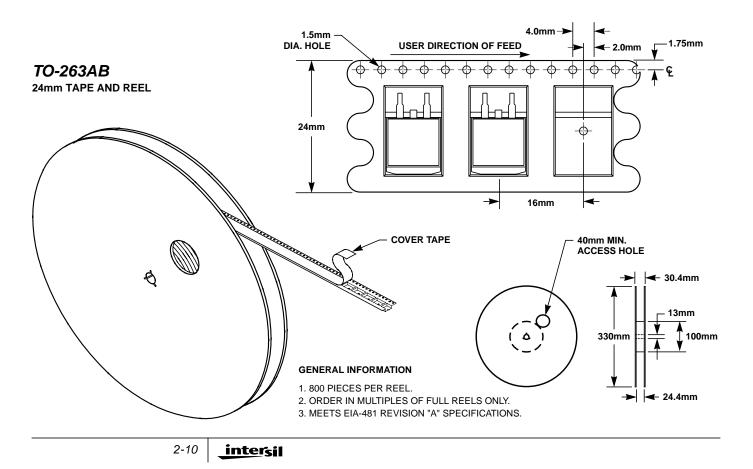
5. Add typically 0.002 inches (0.05mm) for solder plating.

6. L₁ is the terminal length for soldering.

7. Position of lead to be measured 0.120 inches (3.05mm) from bottom of dimension D.

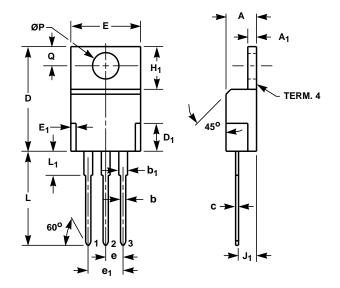
8. Controlling dimension: Inch.

9. Revision 10 dated 5-99.



TO-220AB

3 LEAD JEDEC TO-220AB PLASTIC PACKAGE



	INCHES MILLIMETERS			MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES	
А	0.170	0.180	4.32	4.57	-	
A ₁	0.048	0.052	1.22	1.32	-	
b	0.030	0.034	0.77	0.86	3, 4	
b ₁	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39	2, 3	
с	0.014	0.019	0.36	0.48	2, 3, 4	
D	0.590	0.610	14.99	15.49	-	
D ₁	-	0.160	-	4.06	-	
Е	0.395	0.410	10.04	10.41	-	
E ₁	-	0.030	-	0.76	-	
е	0.100	0.100 TYP		2.54 TYP		
e ₁	0.200	0.200 BSC		B BSC	5	
H ₁	0.235	0.255	5.97	6.47	-	
J ₁	0.100	0.110	2.54	2.79	6	
L	0.530	0.550	13.47	13.97	-	
L ₁	0.130	0.150	3.31	3.81	2	
ØP	0.149	0.153	3.79	3.88	-	
Q	0.102	0.112	2.60	2.84	-	

NOTES:

1. These dimensions are within allowable dimensions of Rev. J of JEDEC TO-220AB outline dated 3-24-87.

- 2. Lead dimension and finish uncontrolled in L₁.
- 3. Lead dimension (without solder).
- 4. Add typically 0.002 inches (0.05mm) for solder coating.
- 5. Position of lead to be measured 0.250 inches (6.35mm) from bottom of dimension D.
- Position of lead to be measured 0.100 inches (2.54mm) from bottom of dimension D.
- 7. Controlling dimension: Inch.
- 8. Revision 2 dated 7-97.

All Intersil semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 quality systems certification.

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